Yapı Kredi 1H18 Investor Presentation

October 2018



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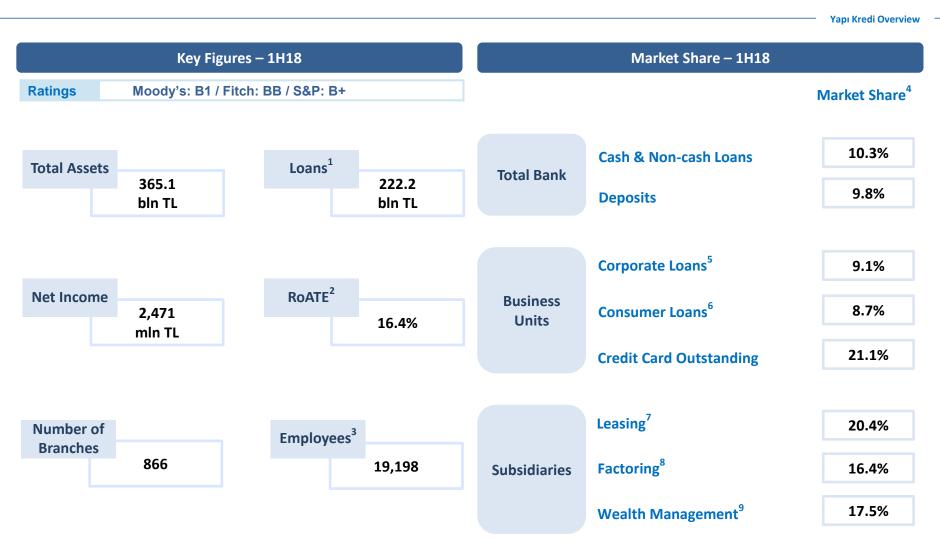
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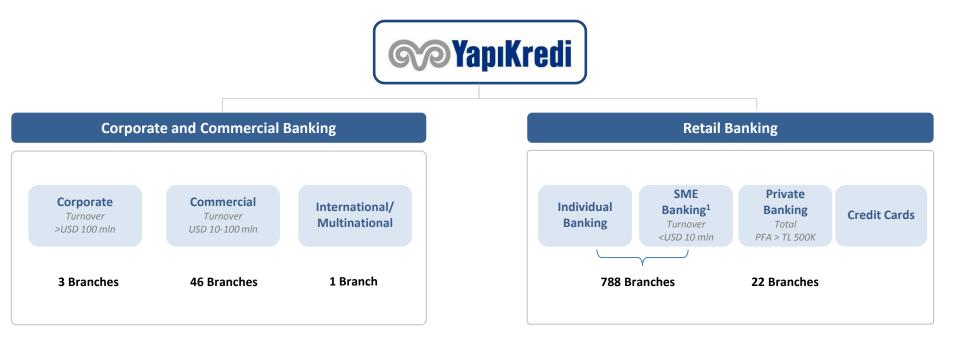
Yapı Kredi: A leading financial services group



Notes:

1. Loans indicate performing loans, 2. RoATE indicates return on average, tangible equity (excl. intangible assets) and adjusted for 4.1 bln capital raise, 3. Group data. Bank-only: 18,297, 4. Market shares are based on: Interbank Card Center (for credit card acquiring and number of cardholders), Turkish Leasing Association (for leasing), Turkish Factoring Association (for factoring), Central Bank Cheque Clearing System (for cheque clearing) Rasyonet (for mutual funds), Borsa Istanbul (for equity transaction volume). If not specified, data based on BRSA bank-only data for YKB and BRSA weekly sector data excluding participation banks for banking sector as of 29 Jun'18, 5. Cash loans excluding credit cards and consumer loans, 6. Including mortgages, GPL and auto loans, 7. Refers to leasing receivables, 8. Refers to factoring turnover, 9. Refers to Mutual Funds;

Well-diversified commercial business mix and customer-oriented service model



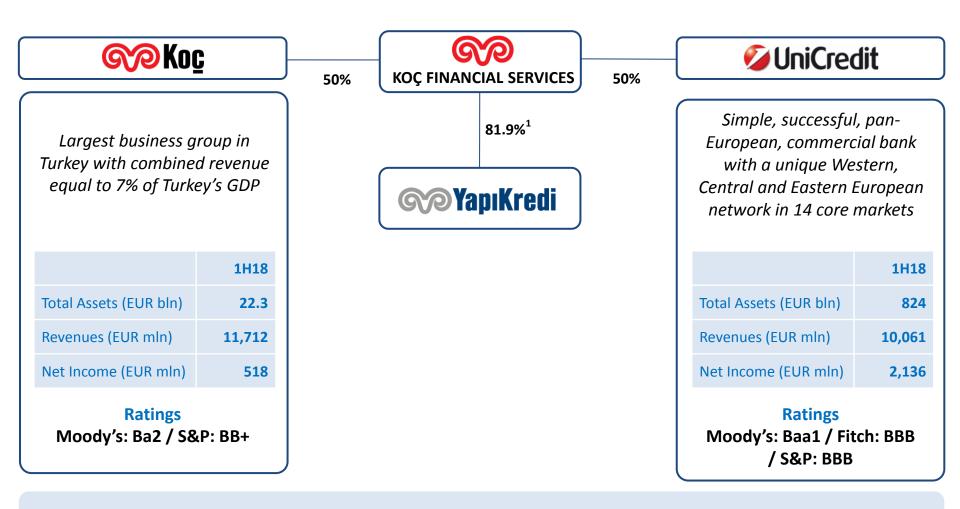


Notes:

Financial figures are as of June'18. Branch numbers are as of Mar'18. Total # of branches is 866 of which 6 are free zone, abroad and custody branches

1. Including micro+ small + large size enterprises

Stable, long-term focused majority shareholders supporting Yapı Kredi's growth

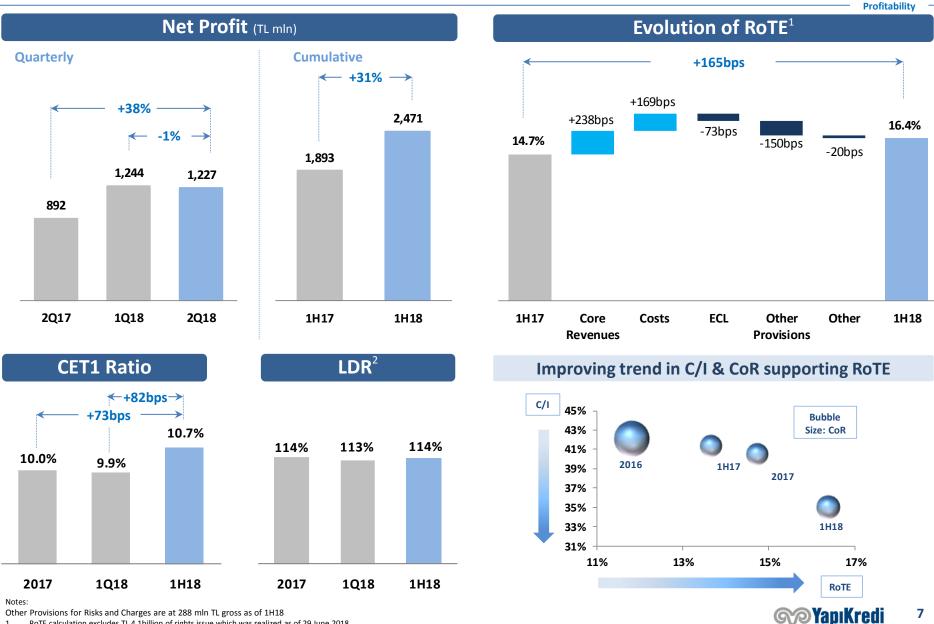


Strong and committed majority shareholders bringing stability, strength and depth to corporate governance

All information and figures regarding UniCredit and Koç Holding are based on publicly available 1H18 data, unless otherwise stated

1. Remaining 18.1% listed on the Istanbul Stock Exchange and Global Depository Receipts that represent the Bank's shares are quoted on the London Stock Exchange

Continuous improvement in profitability with strong balance sheet fundamentals



RoTE calculation excludes TL 4.1billion of rights issue which was realized as of 29 June 2018 1.

LDR = Performing Loans / (Deposits + TL Bills sold to individuals) 2.

Shift in loan mix towards smaller tickets

Loan growth (TL bln)

		ҮКВ			Private Banks ¹		
	1H18	y/y	ytd	q/q	y/y	ytd	q/c
Total Loans ²	222.2	20%	11%	8%	17%	9%	6%
TL ³	123.0	11%	2%	4%	12%	5%	3%
• FC (\$) ³	21.7	2%	3%	-1%	-4%	-3%	-4%
	TLbIn	2017	10	Q18	1H18		
	CGF Utilisation	12.8	1	L4.9	19.5		

 CGF Stock
 9.5
 10.5
 13.4

 Market Share
 5.8%
 6.1%
 7.1%

FC Loans

~35% of Project Finance loans are backed by government guarantee

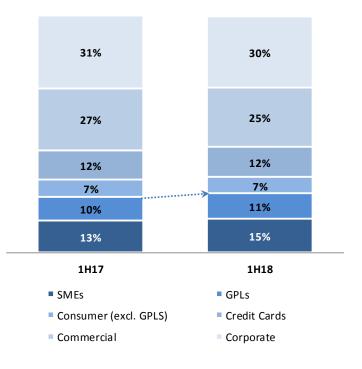
FC Loans³

	FC	Lendi	ng E	Breal	kd	lown
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-		
	Share	y/y
Project Finance	59%	0%
LT Investments	30%	23%
ST Loans	5%	-22%
Financial institutions	6%	-28%

Loan Mix (FX adjusted)⁴

Portion of SME and GPL lending is increasing in FX adjusted terms



Notes:

- 1. Private banks based on BRSA weekly data as of 29 June 18
- 2. Loans indicate performing loans excluding factoring and leasing receivables
- 3. TL and FC loans are adjusted for the FX indexed loans
- 4. Based on MIS data

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Loans

Diversification towards lower cost funding sources

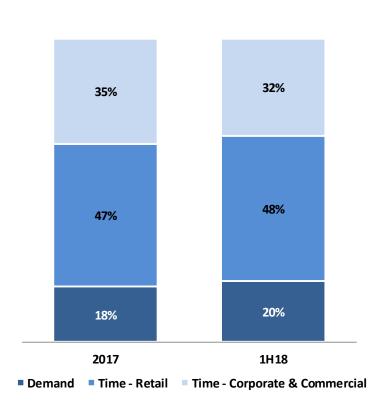
Deposit growth (TL bln)							
	ҮКВ				Private Banks ¹		
	1H18	y/y	ytd	q/q	y/y	ytd	q/q
Total Deposits	192.8	17%	11%	7%	16%	10%	6%
TL	80.1	-1%	5%	-6%	10%	4%	0%
FC (\$)	24.7	4%	-4%	3%	-7%	-4%	-3%
Customer Deposits	180.1	14%	10%	8%	17%	10%	6%
TL	76.7	-2%	5%	-6%	11%	4%	0%
FC (\$)	22.7	0%	0%	5%	-6%	-4%	-2%
Demand Deposits	36.6	22%	15%	1 2 %	23%	14%	12%

Ongoing diversification in the funding mix

- 500 mln USD Eurobond in March 2018
- 111% roll-over ratio in syndication in May 2018
- 215 mln USD Securitization in 1H18
- 639 mln TL Covered in February and May 2018

Deposit Breakdown (FX adjusted)²

Funding



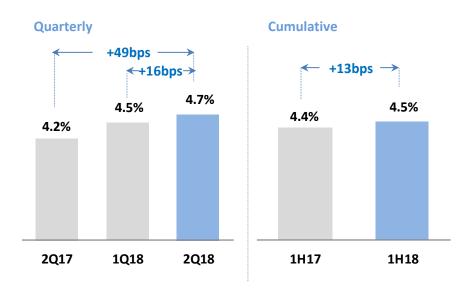
2. Based on MIS data

Strong revenue growth via core revenue increase leading to improvement in revenue margin



Revenue Margin²

Revenue Margin improved +13bps y/y with 24% increase both in swap adjusted NII and Fees



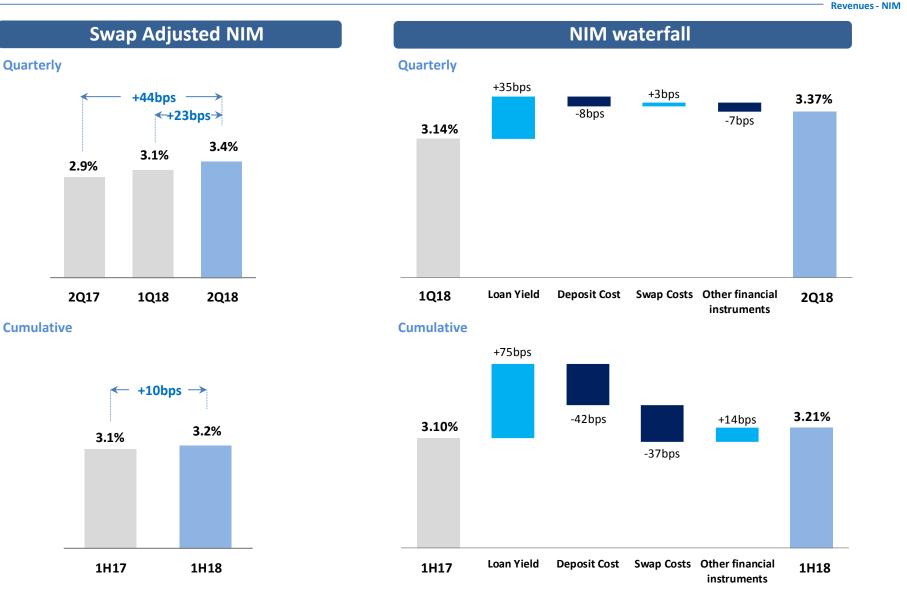
Notes:

1. Core Revenues = NII + swap costs + Net fee income

2. Revenue margin= Core Revenues / average IEAs; Based on bank-only financials

Revenues

23bps q/q increase in NIM through wider core spreads



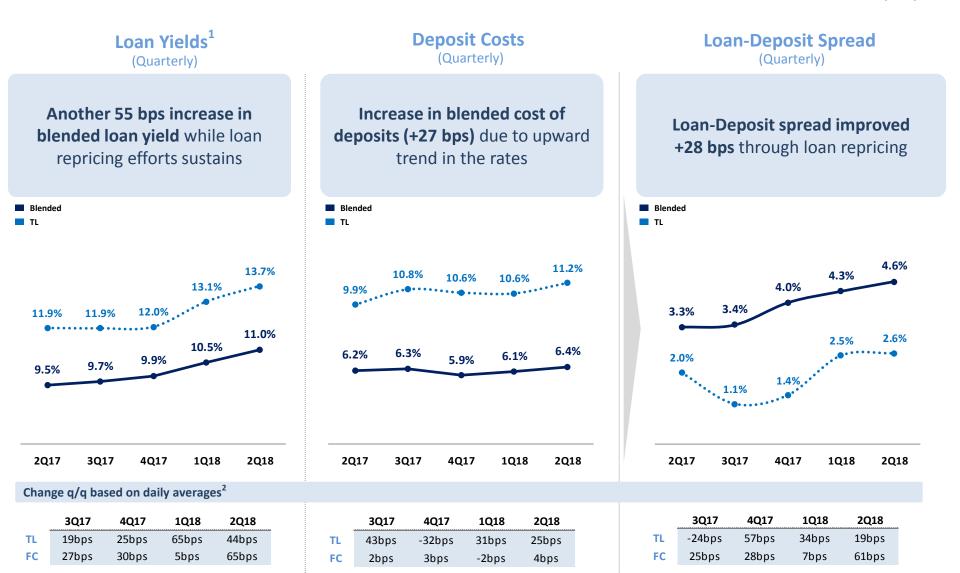
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Increase in Loan-Deposit spread thanks to ongoing loan repricing

Loan-Deposit Spread —

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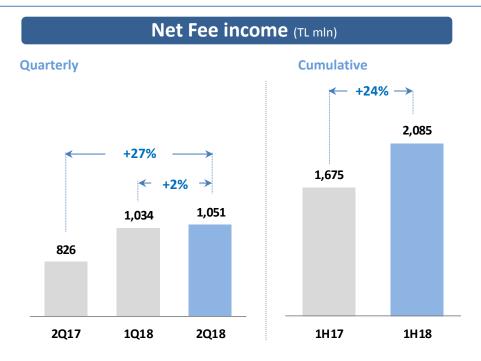
Notes:

Based on Bank-Only financials

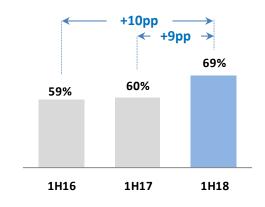
Performing Loan yields 1. 2.

Based on MIS data

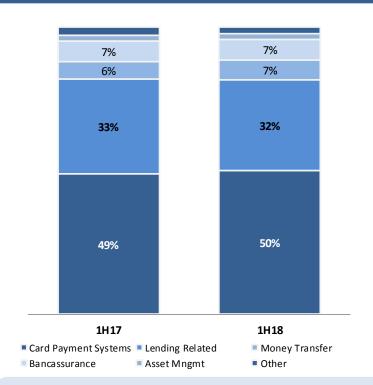
Fee increase at 24% y/y thanks to core business fee generation







Fees Received Composition

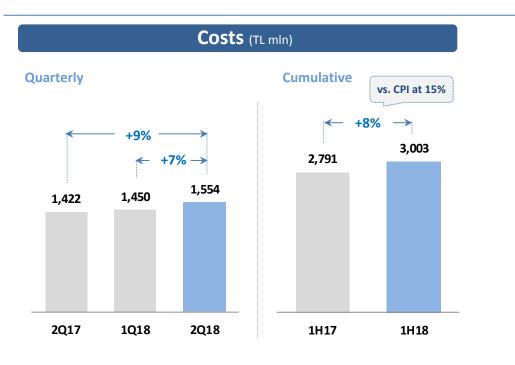


Diversification efforts on the top of ongoing support from Card payment systems:

- Money Transfer: +47% y/y
- Bancassurance: 23% y/y
- Card Payment systems: +28% y/y

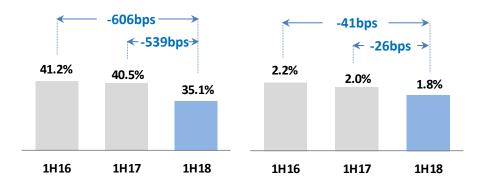
Revenues - Fees –

Cost discipline on track with y/y increase well below inflation



Cost / Income

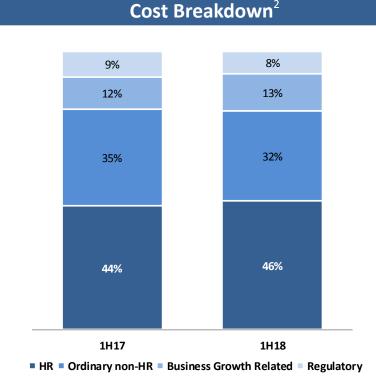
Costs / Average Assets¹



Notes:

1. 1H17 and 1H16 assets are recasted for the IFRS 9 adoption (reclassification of general provisions)

- Based on MIS data
- 3. FTE: Full Time Equivalent
- 4. Includes Advertisement, Payroll Charity, World Points



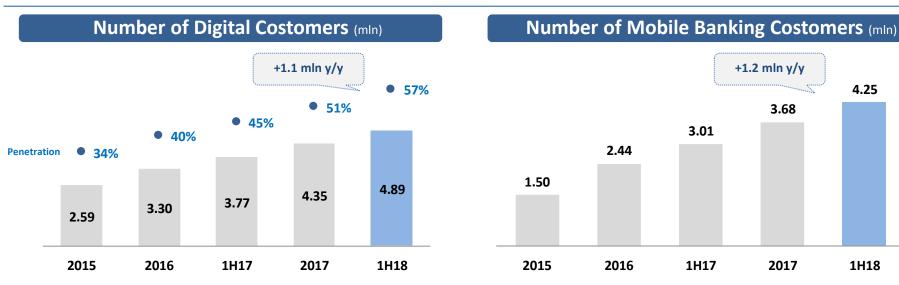
Ordinary non-HR cost share is coming down; HR cost increase due to variable compensation

- *HR* costs: +12% y/y (# of FTE³: -2%)
- Ordinary non-HR costs: Stable y/y
- Business growth related costs⁴: +23% y/y

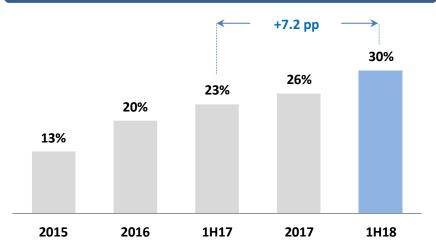
Costs

Digital transformation fully on track



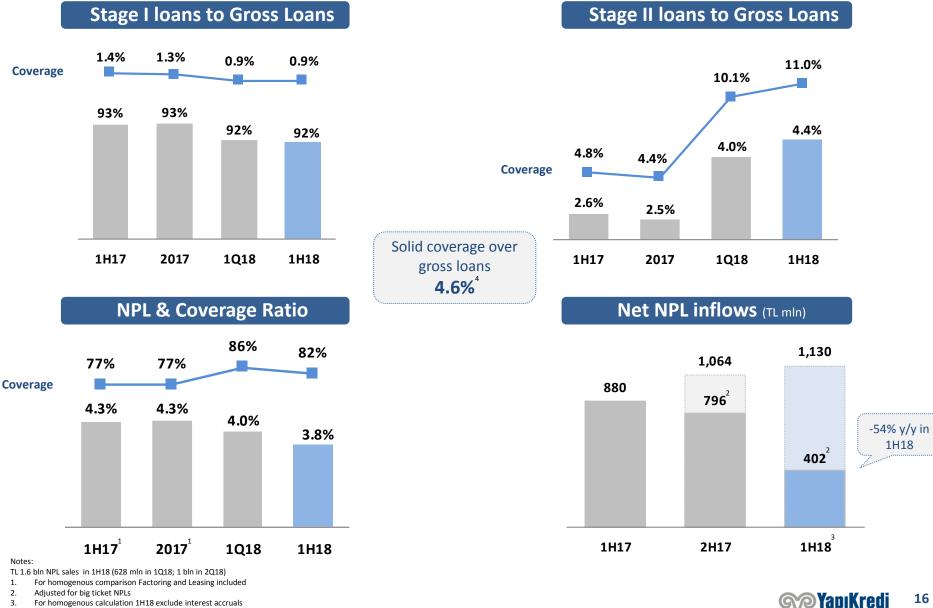


Share of digital in main products² sold



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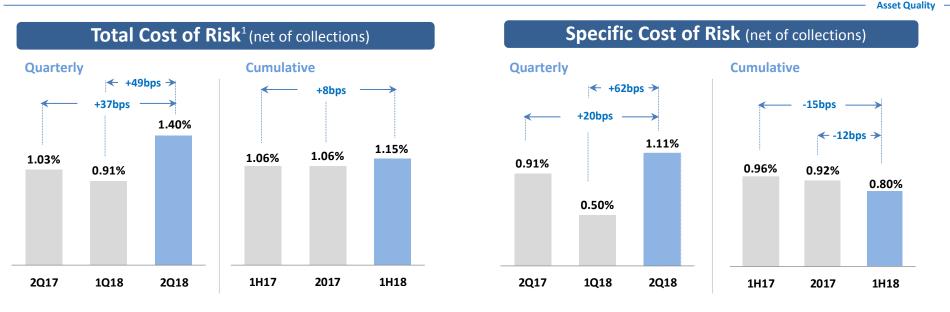
Strong Stage I coverage enabling comfort-zone for further Stage 2 worsening; increase in NPL inflows through a couple of big tickets Asset Quality



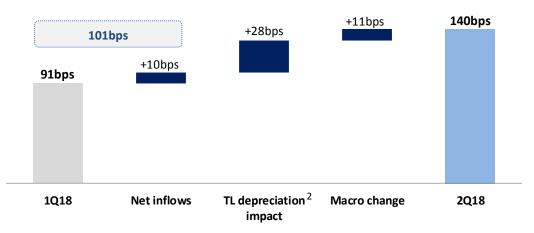
^{3.} 4.

Based on Bank-only; consolidated coverage (including Leasing and Factoring) at 4.4%

CoR increase due to FX impact and macro scenario change



Cost of Risk evolution (quarterly)



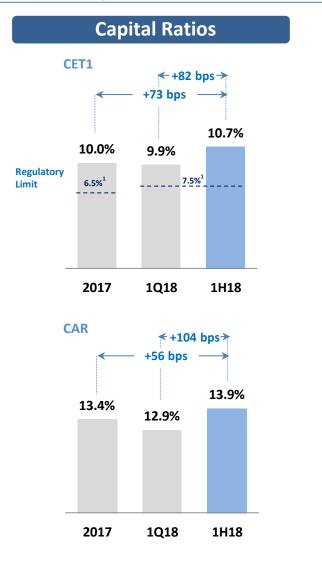
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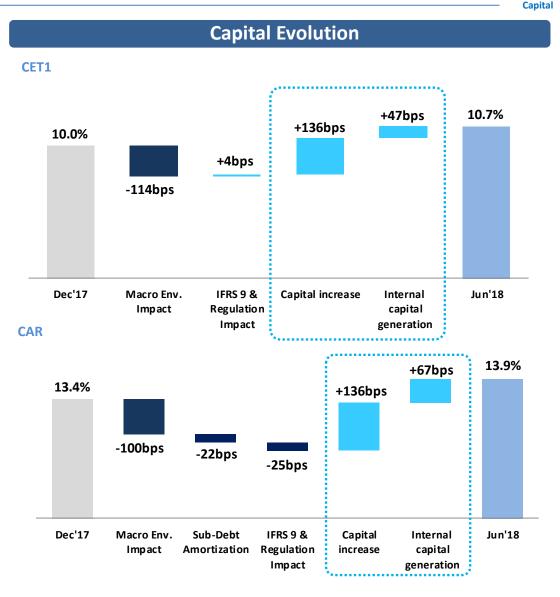
1. Cost of Risk = (Total Loan Loss Provisions- Collections)/Total Gross Loans

2. TL depreciation impact represents the impact of increase in stage 1 and stage 2 expected credit loss due to increase in TL equivalent of FX denominated loans



Weathered the volatility through capital injection and internal capital generation





Notes:

1. CET 1 minimum level of 6.5% and 7.5% is based on consolidated requirements

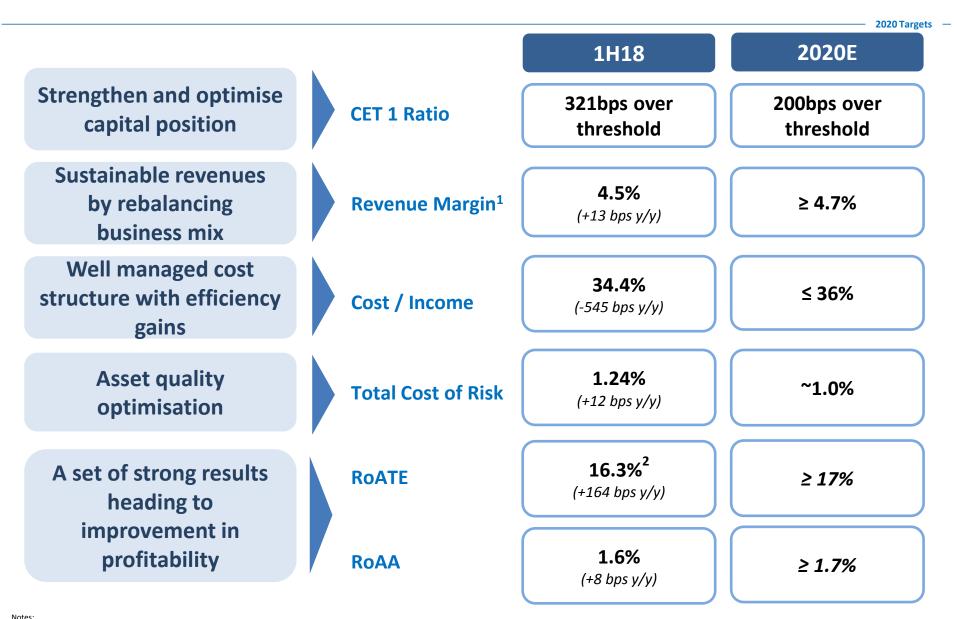
2018 Basel 3 related capitalisation buffers include capital conservation buffer of 1.875%, countercyclical buffer (bank-specific) of 0.025%, SIFI buffer of 1.125% (Group 2) T1 Ratio at 10.7% as of 1H18

Deterioration in macro environment creates a risk to CoR and CAR guidance, with a potential upside risk to Fees

	Loans	12-14%	CONFIRMED
Volumes	LUans	12-14%	CONTINUED
	Deposits	12-14%	CONFIRMED
	NIM	Flattish	CONFIRMED
Revenues	Fees	Low-teens	UPSIDE POTENTIAL
6 + -	Costs	Below CPI	CONFIRMED
Costs	Cost/Income	< 40%	CONFIRMED
Asset Quality	NPL Ratio	~-10 bps	CONFIRMED
Asset Quality	CoR	Slight improvement	DOWNSIDE RISK
Fundamentals	LDR	110%-115%	CONFIRMED
i unuamentais	CAR	> 15%	DOWNSIDE RISK
Profitability	Net Profit	High-teens	CONFIRMED
Frontability	RoTE	Improvement	CONFIRMED

Guidance

Robust performance in all fundamentals towards 2020 targets



Based on bank-only financials except for capital ratios

Calculated as (NII + Swap Costs + Fees) / Interest Earning Assets

2. Adjusted for the capital injection





A customer centric commercial bank driven by cutting edge technology and committed workforce, delivering responsible growth

Best-in-class profitability, backed by a strong balance sheet, resulting in enhanced and sustainable shareholder returns

Strategic pillars supporting Yapı Kredi 2020

1 Strengthen and optimise capital position	 Increase capital by approx. US\$ 1.5 bln - US\$ 1 bln rights issue finalised in June 2018; planning approx. US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 issuance¹ Maintain a minimum CET1 buffer of 200 bps against regulatory requirements² Return to dividend payment in 2020³ (based on 2019 results)
2 Sustainable revenue generation by rebalancing business mix	 Focus on smaller tickets both in lending and asset gathering Increase house-bank customer penetration Boost number of transactions to improve fee generation Continue to acquire new customers
3 Well managed cost structure with efficiency gains	 Accelerate digital banking to enhance customer experience Achieve both operational and service-channel excellence
Asset quality optimisation	 Maintain current prudent risk appetite Tailor-made underwriting approach for companies and automated, model driven underwriting for individuals with centralised risk monitoring Enhance collection process and pro-actively manage NPL stock

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All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume

US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market conditions).

Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

1. Subject to regulatory approvals and market conditions, 2. Please refer to Annex for regulatory limits, 3. Subject to Shareholders and regulatory approvals and pay-out ratio is assumed as 20%

Yapı Kredi 2020 - Targets

		2020E	Delta vs. 2017
Strengthen and optimise capital position	CET 1 Ratio	min. 200 bps buffer against regulatory requirements	-
² Sustainable revenues by rebalancing business mix	Revenue Margin¹	≥ 4.7%	+30 bps
³ Well managed cost structure with efficiency gains	Cost / Income	≤ 36%	-600 bps
4 Asset quality optimisation	Total Cost of Risk	~1.0%	-30 bps ²
BEST-IN-CLASS PROFITABILITY	RoATE RoAA	≥ 17% ≥ 1.7%	+340 bps +40 bps

Notes:

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1. Calculated as (NII + Swap Costs + Fees) / Avg. Interest Earning Assets, 2. 2017 figure adjusted for time value assumption



Details on Strategic Pillars



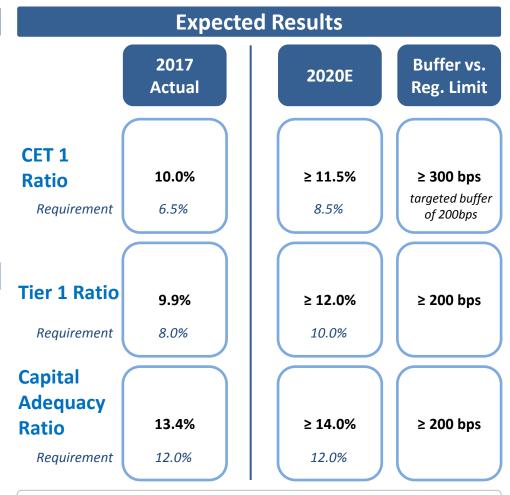
Strengthen and optimise capital position

Key Objectives

- Keeping a minimum 200bps buffer vs. CET 1 regulatory limit¹
- Stronger capital position to be able to absorb potential risks driven by changes to the operating environment
- Lower cost of funding from international markets
- Return to dividend payment in 2020²

Key Initiatives

- Strengthened CET1 ratio via US\$ 1 bln rights issue
 - Expected to have more than 300bps buffer vs. regulatory limits by 2020
- Optimise capital structure via AT1 issuance
 - Hedging value against future FX volatility from US\$ AT1 issuance
- Further capital strengthening from enhanced organic capital generation and RWA optimisation³



Potential upside from implementation of **A-IRB methodology** (not included in 2020 expectations)

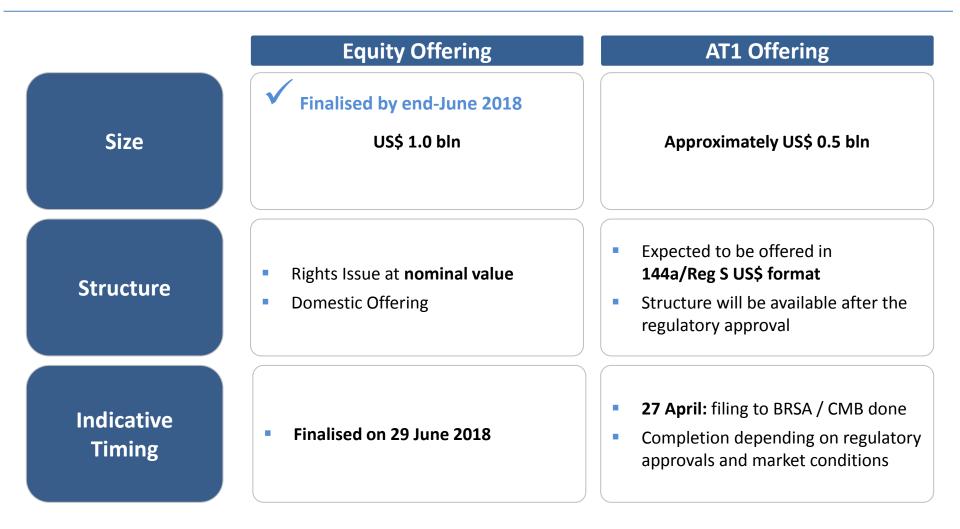
Notes:

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conditions). Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

1. Please refer to Annex for regulatory limits, 2. Subject to Shareholders and regulatory approvals and pay-out ratio is assumed as 20%, 3. RWA optimisation from remix of loan book, collateralisation of the existing portfolio, etc.

Key features of Yapı Kredi capital strengthening plan



Notes:

All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market conditions). Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

1. Expected impact on CET 1, Tier 1 and CAR, 2. Expected impact on Tier 1 and CAR based on size of AT1 Offering of US\$ 0.5 bln (depending on regulatory approval and market conditions)

Sustainable revenue generation through rebalancing of business mix and enhanced service model

Key Objectives

A

Rebalance business mix with a **risk adjusted return approach** towards **smaller tickets** and **higher value** generating segments and products for **both lending and deposit gathering**

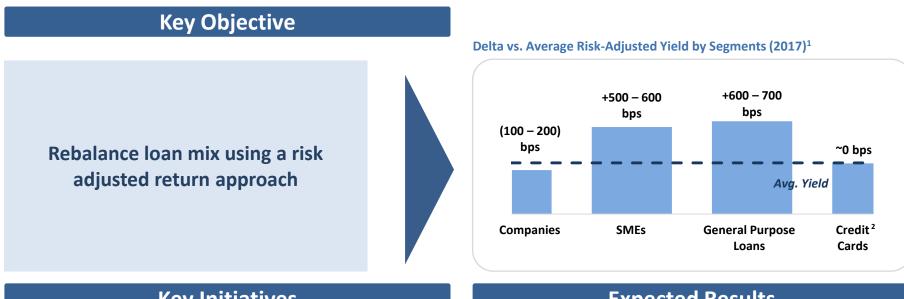
в

Increase **Transactional Banking** activities to further strengthen fee generation capacity, increasing focus on:

- existing house-bank customer penetration
- acquiring new customers

- New Servicing Model:
 - Fully Centralised for mass individual and micro enterprises, leveraging on deployed digital efficiency to increase profitability via lower cost to serve
 - Dedicated Relationship Management for affluent and private individuals, medium and large enterprises, to increase profitability via improved loyalty

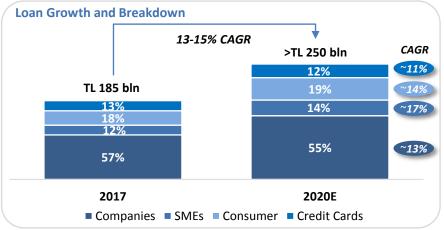
2 A Rebalance loan mix towards smaller ticket and higher value generating loans



Key Initiatives

- Loan mix will be rebalanced towards SME segment, despite remaining below natural market share
- General Purpose Loans to balance Credit Card risk profile
- Lower RWA density in Corporate and Commercial loan portfolio by decreasing concentration on big tickets and leveraging governmental incentives





Notes:

All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market

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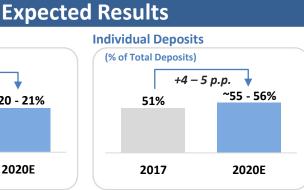
1. Based on performing loans including TL and FX, risk figures are calculated as life-time risk, 2. Calculated over outstanding balances and excludes fee generation from card business

Shift deposit mix towards lower cost, smaller ticket, individual and deposits

Key Objective

Increase the share of individual and demand deposits within total deposits





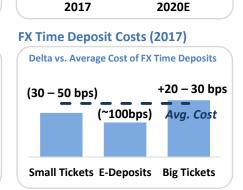
Key Initiatives

- Increase salary and house-bank customers (for both individual and SME) who bring 2 times and 4 times higher demand deposit volume than average non house-bank customers, respectively
- Refocus on the Affluent Segment Model via creating a high touch and improving service quality together with decreasing the number of customers per RM
- Focus on investment product usage for individuals
- Reduce dependency from large tickets also via enhanced e-deposit strategy



TL Time Deposit Costs (2017) Delta vs. Average Cost of TL Time Deposits +60 - 80 bps (50 - 70 bps) (~100 bps) Avg. Cost Small Tickets E-Deposits Big Tickets





Notes:

All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market conditions). Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

1. Indicates the number of customers whose salary is paid into bank account at Yapı Kredi, 2. Level of score for each customer based on number of transactions and product usage (for individuals, SME and private banking)



² ^B Focus on transactional banking to strengthen fee generation capacity

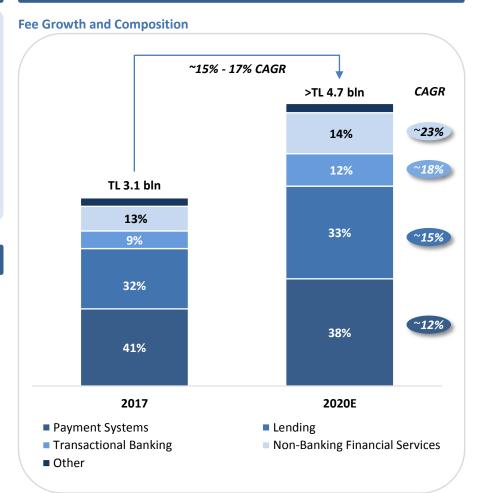
Key Objective

- Continue to maintain best-in-class fee generation by further leveraging on large customer base while strengthening its diversification
- Increase fees from Transactional Banking by ~+23% yearly growth
- Focus on Non-banking Financial Services fee via bancassurance and asset management

Key Initiatives

- Enhanced relationship with customers
 - Less customers per RM via increase the number of RMs and efficiency
 - Adding commercial corners within the branches
- Focus on Cash Management and Trade Finance services for Corporate & Commercial and SMEs
- Increase the number of POS customers
- Increase corporate finance activities

Expected Results



Notes:

All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume

US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market conditions). Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

Well managed cost structure with efficiency gains

Key Objective

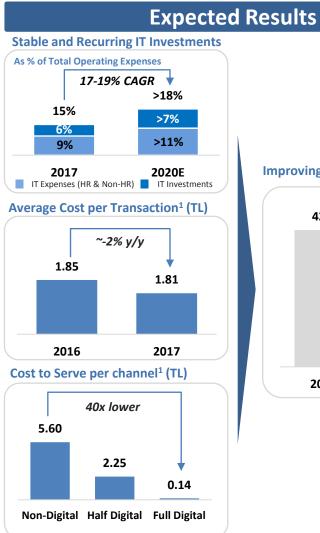
Enhance the leading and differentiated customer experience by **investing in digital transformation**

В

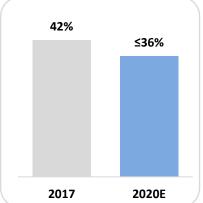
Migrate to a centralised and simplified service model for **operational efficiency**

С

Improve operational processes through service-channel optimisation and integration



Improving Cost / Income



Notes:

All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume

US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market conditions).

Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

1. Total Cost to Serve and Cost to Serve per channel are calculated based on direct costs of each sales channels





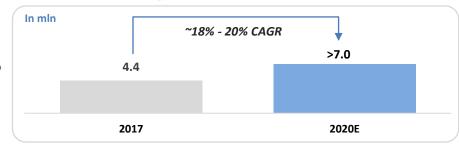
Key Objective

Increase digital customer base across all products to benefit from lower costs to serve

Expected Results

Increase in Number of Digital Customers

Product Sold in Digital¹



Key Initiatives

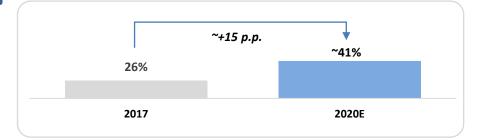
Retaining customers

- Expand digital banking offer via mobile first approach
- Create a seamless, simple, unified and personal experience across all customer touch points

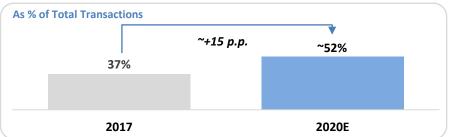
Acquiring new customers

Notes:

- Expand the investment products and services on digital, enabling complete set of "investment for the individual"
- Digitalise functionality, sales and marketing process for card customers (New Credit Card app will be in use in 2H18)



Evolution of Transactions Performed Through Digital Channel²



^{1.} Included products are: Time Deposit, GPL, Credit Card and Flexible Account (If investment products included 2017 figure becomes 59%)

2. There are 222 different transactions included in this calculation such as: cheque transactions, Letter of guarantee and letter of credits, account related transactions, credit card transactions, loan opening transactions, cash withdrawal with instalments loan, overdraft, Money transfers, investment products



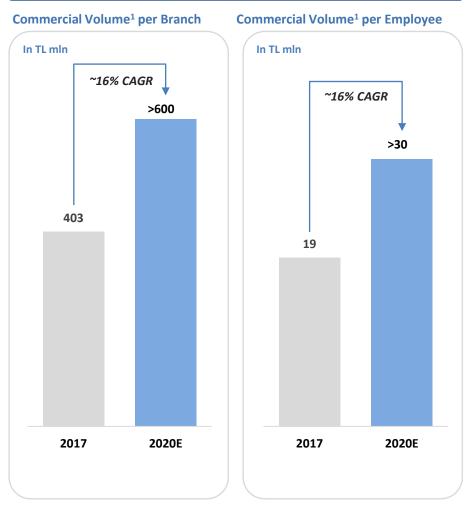
Operational and service-channel optimisation

Key Objective

Transform the operating and service model to unlock Yapı Kredi's efficiency potential

Key Initiatives

- Focus on efficiency and digitalisation through process automation, centralisation and elimination
- Digitalise the branch network, reaching a paperless branch experience for ~95% of the services offered in Retail branches
- Tellers and RMs unification to create single point of service in branches
- Improve sales support infrastructure through automation, leading to increased efficiency in RM performance



GR YabiKredi

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Expected Results

Notes:

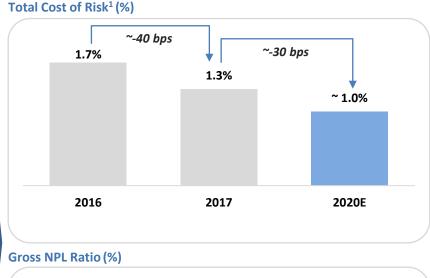
All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market conditions). Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

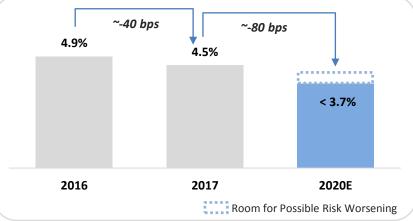
1. Represents total of loans and deposits





Expected Results





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Notes:

All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume

US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market conditions).

Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

1. Cost of Risk = (Total Loan Loss Provisions - Collections)/Total Gross Loans; 2016 and 2017 Cost of Risk adjusted with IFRS 9 impact for comparability purposes. Reported Cost of Risk in 2016 and 2017 was 1.4% and 1.1% in 2016 and 2017 respectively

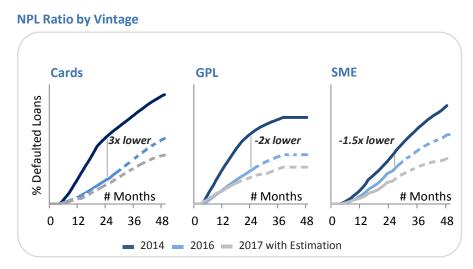
4 • Focus on underwriting and monitoring policies

Key Initiatives

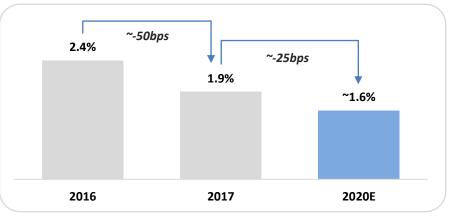
Customised underwriting approach based on customers, products and channels

- Individuals and Micro Enterprises: fully automated process leveraging machine-learning technologies
- Bigger Tickets: Tailor-made approach with strict concentration limits and increased sector expertise
- Early collection model and process enhancements
 - Segmentation of 0-90 days-past-due portfolio via behavioural customers data
- Centralised risk monitoring

Expected Results



Gross NPL Inflows / Total Performing Loans BoP



Notes:

All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market conditions). Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

Continuous enhancement of collection processes and pro-active NPL management

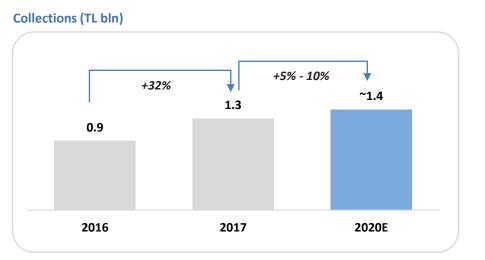
Key Initiatives

Continuous enhancement of collection processes

- Strengthen collection process through specific product / regional team support
- Machine learning for improved portfolio segmentation
- Flexible restructuring options (product type, maturity, interest rate)
- New KPIs to monitor and improve performance

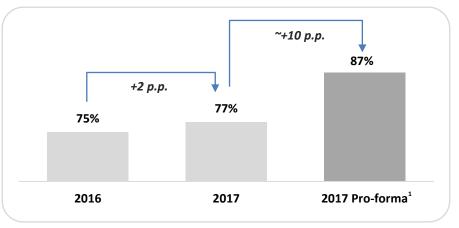
Pro-active NPL management

- Front loaded coverage increase to support further NPL disposal
- Wide range of restructuring products to match customer's ability to repay



Expected Results

Specific NPL Coverage Ratio (%)



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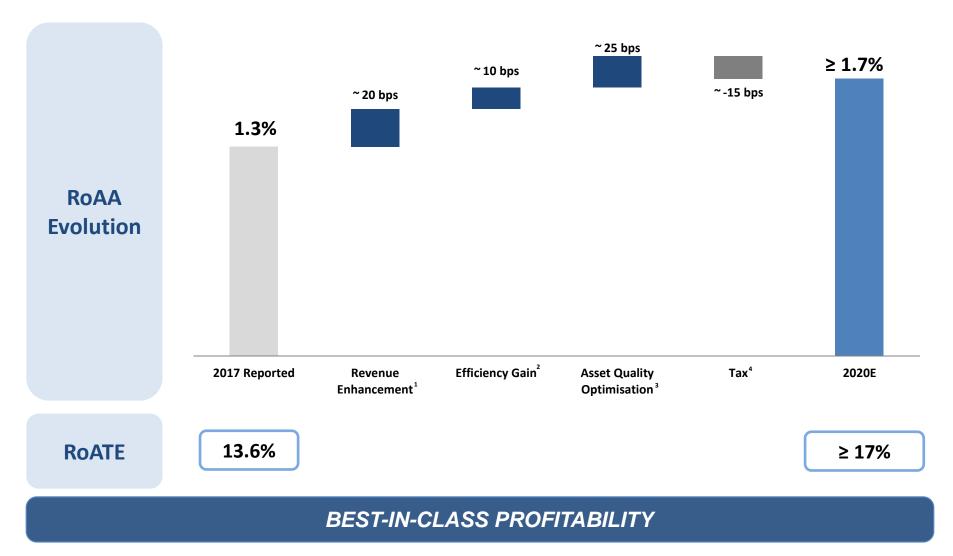
Notes:

All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market

conditions). Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

1. Represents 2017 year-end coverage ratio with IFRS 9 first time adoption impact

Key drivers for best-in-class profitability by 2020



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Notes:

All expected results are relying on current regulations and macro assumptions as presented in the Annex. Additionally these expected results assume US\$ 1.0 bln (with a conversion rate of USDTRY: 4.10) rights issue and approximately US\$ 0.5 bln AT1 (depending on regulatory approval and market

conditions). Impact of IFRS 16 is not included. All expected results are unconsolidated, except for capital ratios

1. Calculated as Revenues / Assets for 2020 versus 2017 pretax, 2. Calculated as Operating Expenses / Assets for 2020 versus 2017 pretax, 3. Calculated as Loan Loss Provisions / Assets for 2020 versus 2017 pretax, 4. Including the impact of tax rate change





Macro Environment and Banking Sector

Macro Environment

	2Q17	4Q17	1Q18	2Q18
GDP Growth (y/y)	5.3%	7.3%	7.3%	5.2%
CPI Inflation (y/y)	10.9%	11.9%	10.2%	15.4%
Consumer Confidence Index	70.0	65.1	71.3	70.3
CAD/GDP	-4.1%	-5.5%	-6.3%	-6.5%
Budget Deficit/GDP	-2.0%	-1.5%	-1.6%	-2.0%
Unemployment Rate ¹	10.2%	10.4%	10.1%	9.6%
USD/TL (eop)	3.51	3.82	4.00	4.62
2Y Benchmark Bond Rate (eop)	11.1%	13.4%	14.0%	19.3%

Banking Sector

	2Q17	4Q17	1Q18	2Q18
Loan Growth	5%	5%	5%	7%
Private	3%	5%	4%	6%
State	8%	6%	6%	10%
Deposit Growth	4%	5%	4%	7%
Private	2%	4%	4%	6%
State	7%	6%	5%	9%
NPL Ratio	3.0%	2.9%	2.8%	2.9%
CAR	16.4%	16.5%	16.3%	15.9%
ROATE	16.2%	13.6%	15.2%	15.3%

Macro environment and banking sector scenario

	2017	2020E
GDP Growth (y/y)	7.4%	4.3%
CPI Inflation (y/y)	11.9%	8.0%
EUR/TL (eop)	4.52	6.15
USD/TL (eop)	3.77	4.98
Benchmark Bond Rate (eop)	13.4%	9.5%

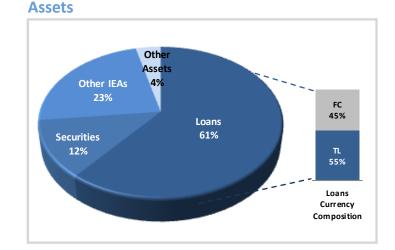
Macro Environment

Banking Sector

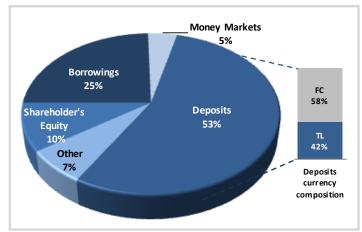
	2017	2020E
Loan Growth	21%	~13-15% (CAGR)
Deposit Growth	16%	~13-15% (CAGR)
NPL Ratio	2.9%	~3.5%
CAR	16.5%	~14-15%
RoATE	15.1%	~15.0%

Consolidated Balance Sheet

TLbIn	1Q17 ¹	1H17 ¹	9M17 ¹	2017 ¹	1Q18	1H18	q/q	y/y	ytd
Total Assets	278.3	283.3	290.6	316.9	328.7	365.1	11%	29%	15%
Loans ²	183.7	185.8	190.6	199.9	205.3	222.2	8%	20%	11%
TL Loans	107.0	111.1	115.1	120.1	118.8	123.0	4%	11%	2%
FC Loans (\$)	21.1	21.3	21.2	21.2	21.9	21.7	-1%	2%	3%
Securities	32.6	32.4	35.5	38.8	41.7	45.2	8%	39%	17%
TL Securities	22.4	22.7	25.5	28.1	30.7	32.7	7%	44%	16%
FC Securities (\$)	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	-2%	-1%	-3%
Deposits	163.5	164.2	165.0	173.4	180.0	192.8	7%	17%	11%
TL Deposits	81.3	81.1	71.1	75.9	85.4	80.1	-6%	-1%	5%
FC Deposits (\$)	22.6	23.7	26.4	25.8	24.0	24.7	3%	4%	-4%
Borrowings	61.0	62.3	63.9	75.3	80.8	90.0	11%	44%	19%
TL Borrowings	5.1	6.1	6.5	7.1	6.8	7.8	16%	29%	11%
FC Borrowings (\$)	15.4	16.0	16.1	18.1	18.7	18.0	-4%	12%	0%
Shareholders' Equity	27.7	28.5	29.0	30.1	31.6	37.8	20%	33%	26%
Assets Under Management	17.4	18.5	19.1	19.5	20.1	19.6	-2%	6%	1%
Loans/Assets	66%	66%	66%	63%	62%	61%			
Securities/Assets	12%	11%	12%	12%	13%	12%			
Borrowings/Liabilities	22%	22%	22%	24%	25%	25%			
Loans/(Deposits+TL Bills)	112%	112%	115%	114%	113%	114%			
CAR - cons	13.4%	13.7%	13.8%	13.4%	12.9%	13.9%			
Common Equity Tier-I - cons	9.9%	10.3%	10.3%	10.0%	9.9%	10.7%			
Leverage Ratio	9.0x	8.9x	9.0x	9.5x	9.4x	8.7x			



Liabilities



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Note: Loans indicate performing loans

Other interest earning assets (IEAs) include cash and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey, banks and other financial institutions, money markets, factoring receivables, financial lease receivables Other assets include investments in associates, subsidiaries, joint ventures, hedging derivative financial assets, property and equipment, intangible assets, tax assets, assets held for resale and related to discontinued operations (net) and other

Borrowings: include funds borrowed, marketable securities issued (net), subordinated loans

Other liabilities: include retirement benefit obligations, insurance technical reserves, other provisions, hedging derivatives, deferred and current tax liability and other

1. 2017 figures recasted for IFRS 9 reclassification of general provisions

2. TL and FC Loans are adjusted for the FX indexed loans

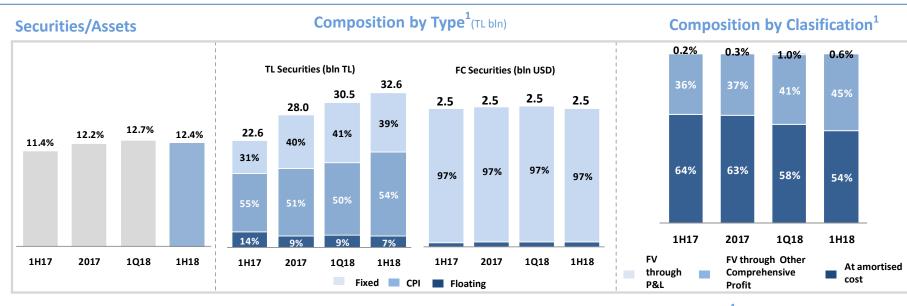
Consolidated Income Statement

TL million	1Q17	2Q17	3Q17	4Q17	1Q18	2Q18	q/q	y/y	1H	17	1H18	y/y
Net Interest Income including swap costs	2,217	2,089	2,154	2,522	2,543	2,778	9%	33%	4,3	_	5,321	24%
o/w NII (ecl. CPI linkers' income)	1,926	1,983	1,944	2,147	2.409	2.748	14%	39%	3,9		5,157	32%
o/w CPI-linkers	325	338	409	663	436	460	6%	36%	66		896	35%
o/w Swap costs	-34	-232	-198	-288	-302	-431	43%	86%	-26		-733	175%
Fees & Commissions	849	826	799	841	1,034	1,051	2%	27%	1,6	75	2,085	24%
Core Revenues	3,066	2,915	2,954	3,364	3,577	3,829	7%	31%	5,9	81	7,406	24%
ECL net of collections	539	532	592	568	514	835	62%	57%	1,0	71	1,348	26%
o/w Stage 3 Provisions	756	717	761	596	607	738	21%	3%	1,4	73	1,345	-9%
o/w Stage 1 + Stage 2 Provisions	45	62	46	151	237	460	94%	637%	10	7	696	550%
o/w Collections	262	247	215	179	330	363	10%	47%	50	9	693	36%
Operating Costs	1,370	1,422	1,363	1,543	1,450	1,554	7%	9%	2,7	91	3,003	8%
Core Operating Income	1,156	962	999	1,253	1,613	1,441	-11%	50%	2,1	18	3,054	44%
Trading and FC gains/losses	100	125	38	-24	11	275	-	-	22	5	286	27%
Other income	102	75	53	109	136	40	-71%	-47%	17	7	176	-1%
o/w income from subs	28	19	19	22	28	25	-12%	31%	42	7	53	13%
o/w Dividends	2	8	0	0	4	8	99%	-4%	10)	12	17%
o/w Others	72	48	35	86	104	7	-93%	-85%	12	0	111	-7%
Other Provisions & Costs	94	40	33	180	147	196	33%	385%	13	4	343	156%
o/w Other provisions for risks and charges	50	0	0	123	100	188	88%	-	50)	288	476%
o/w Other provisions	44	40	33	58	47	8	-83%	-80%	84	ţ	55	-34%
Pre-tax Income	1,265	1,121	1,058	1,158	1,613	1,559	-3%	39%	2,3	86	3,173	33%
Tax	263	229	216	278	369	332	-10%	45%	49	3	701	42%
Net Income	1,001	892	841	880	1,244	1,227	-1%	38%	1,8	93	2,471	31%
ROTAE ¹	15.8%	13.3%	12.4%	12.6%	17.1%	15.9%	-120bps	260bps	14.	7%	16.4%	165bps

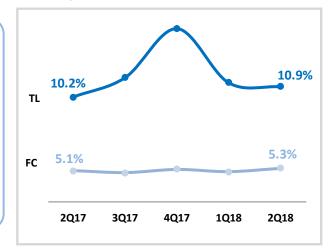
Bank-Only Income Statement

TL million	1Q17	2Q17	3Q17	4Q17	1Q18	2Q18	q/q	y/y	1H17	1H18	y/y
Net Interest Income including swap costs	2,030	1,895	1,965	2,306	2,270	2,585	<u>474</u> 14%	36%	3,925	4,856	24%
	•					i i			-	, i	
o/w NII (ecl. CPI linkers' income)	1,816	1,836	1,803	2,021	2,332	2,648	14%	44%	3,652	4,979	36%
o/w CPI-linkers	325	338	409	663	436	460	6%	36%	663	896	35%
o/w Swap costs	-111	-278	-247	-378	-497	-523	5%	88%	-390	-1,020	162%
Fees & Commissions	807	784	757	788	986	993	1%	27%	1,591	1,979	24%
Core Revenues	2,837	2,679	2,722	3,094	3,257	3,578	10%	34%	5,516	6,835	24%
ECL net of collections	526	501	574	539	483	832	72%	66%	1,027	1,316	28%
o/w Stage 3 Provisions	745	687	749	572	590	716	21%	4%	1,432	1,305	-9%
o/w Stage 1 + Stage 2 Provisions	43	61	40	146	224	480	114%	689%	104	703	576%
o/w Collections	262	247	215	179	330	363	10%	47%	509	693	36%
Operating Costs	1,295	1,346	1,293	1,462	1,375	1,470	7%	9%	2,642	2,846	8%
Core Operating Income	1,016	832	855	1,093	1,398	1,276	-9%	53%	1,848	2,674	45%
Trading and FC gains/losses	89	119	23	-29	57	212	274%	78%	208	269	29%
Other income	213	186	179	233	252	227	-10%	23%	399	480	20%
o/w income from subs	146	140	144	145	211	171	-19%	23%	286	382	34%
o/w Dividends	2	0	0	0	3	2	-39%	294%	2	4	94%
o/w Others	65	45	35	88	39	54	41%	20%	111	93	-16%
Other Provisions & Costs	88	45	32	169	145	194	34%	337%	132	340	157%
o/w Other provisions for risks and charges	50	0	0	123	100	188	88%	-	50	288	476%
o/w Other provisions	38	45	32	46	45	6	-86%	-86%	82	52	-37%
Pre-tax Income	1,230	1,092	1,024	1,127	1,562	1,521	-3%	39%	2,322	3,083	33%
Тах	229	200	183	247	318	294	-8%	47%	429	611	43%
Net Income	1,001	892	841	880	1,244	1,227	-1%	38%	1,893	2,471	31%
ROTAE ¹	15.8%	13.4%	12.4%	12.6%	17.0%	15.8%	-120bps	240bps	14.7%	16.3%	164bps

Securities



Security Yields¹



- Securities / assets at 12.4% with dynamically managed mix to benefit from rate environment
- Increase in CPI linkers to benefit from higher inflation levels. CPI-linker volume increased 39% y/y to TL 14.5 bn in nominal value; with a gain of TL 896 mln in 1H18

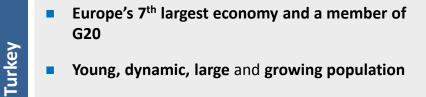
Inflation estimate for revaluation of CPI linkers: 9.3%

M-t-m unrealised loss at TL 1,172 mln as of 1H18 (TL -385 mln in 2017)

Borrowings: 25% of total liabilities

	Syndications	 CUS\$ 2.9 bin outstanding May'17: US\$ 40 mln & € 60 mln, all-in cost at Libor+ 2.20 % and Euribor+ 2.10 % for the 2 year and 1 day tranche Oct'17: US\$ 411 mln and € 800 mln, all-in cost at Libor+1.35% /Euribor+ 1.25% p.a. for the 367 days and Libor+ 2.20 % and Euribor+ 2.10 % for the 2 year and 1 day tranche, respectively . Participation of 37 banks from 17 countries May'18: US\$ 382mln & € 923mln, all-in cost at Libor+ 1.30% and Euribor+ 1.20% for the 367 day tranche and Libor+ 2.10 % and Euribor+ 1.50 % for the 2 year and 1 day tranche, respectively. 48 banks from 19 countries ∑2018
ional	Subordinated Loans	 ~US\$ 2.6 bln outstanding Dec'12: US\$ 1.0 bln market transaction, 10 years, 5.5% (coupon rate) Jan'13: US\$ 585 mln, 10NC5, 5.7% fixed rate – Basel III Compliant Dec'13: US\$ 470 mln, 10NC5, 6.55% – Basel III Compliant (midswap+4.88% after the first 5 years) Mar'16: US\$ 500 mln market transaction, 10NC5, 8.5% (coupon rate)
International	Foreign and Local Currency Bonds / Bills	US\$ 3.2 bln Eurobonds Jan'13: US\$ 500 mln, 4.00% (coupon rate), 7 years Dec'13: US\$ 500 mln, 5.25% (coupon rate), 5 years Oct'14: US\$ 550 mln, 5.125% (coupon rate), 5 years Feb'17: US\$ 600 mln, 5.75% (coupon rate), 5 years Jun'17: US\$ 500 mln, 5.85% (coupon rate), 7 years Jun'17: TL 500 mln, 13.13% (coupon rate), 3 years Mar'18: US\$ 500 mln, 6.10% (coupon rate), 5 years
	Covered Bond	 TL 1.17 bln out standing Oct'17: Mortgage-backed, maturity 5 years Feb'18: Mortgage-backed with 5 years maturity May'18: Mortgage-backed with 5 years maturity ∑2018
Domestic	Local Currency Bonds / Bills	TL 2.1 bin total Mar'18 : TL 487,0mln, 5 months maturity Apr'18 : TL 1,1 bio , 3 months maturity May'18 : TL 274 mln, 3 months maturity June'18 : TL 206 mln, 3 months maturity

Turkey: A large and dynamic country with solid growth potential and resilient **fundamentals** Turkey



- Young, dynamic, large and growing population
- Sovereign ratings of Ba3/B+/BB by Moody's/ S&P/Fitch

	Тапкеу
TR 2017	EU 2017
81	513
32	43 ¹
1.5%	0.3%
752	15,336
17	-
9,311	29,900
68	-
	81 32 1.5% 752 17 9,311

	2014	2015	2016	1H17	2017	1H18
GDP Growth	5.2%	6.1%	3.2%	5.3%	7.4%	5.2%
CPI (eop)	8.2%	8.8%	8.5%	10.1%	11.9%	15.4%
Benchmark Rate (eop)	7.9%	10.8%	10.7%	11.1%	13.4%	19.3%
Unemployment ²	9.9%	10.3%	10.9%	10.2%	10.9%	9.7%
Policy Rate	8.3%	7.5%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	16.5%
CBT funding rate	8.5%	8.8%	8.3%	11.2%	12.8%	17.8%
CAD/GDP	4.7%	3.7%	3.8%	4.1%	5.5%	6.5%
o/w energy	5.3%	3.9%	2.8%	3.3%	3.9%	4.2%
Public Debt/GDP	29%	29%	29%	29%	28%	29%
Budget deficit/GDP	-1.1%	-1.0%	-1.1%	-2.0%	-1.5%	-2.0%

- **Converging economy** with growth potential
- Focus on achieving balanced growth driven by both consumption and net exports
- Strong fiscal discipline with low public debt/GDP
- Stable CAD/GDP

Source: Turkstat, Eurostat (for population, median age, population growth, GDP, per capita GDP, unemployment), IMF (for world ranking), CBRT (inflation), Bloomberg (benchmark), Turkstat and CBRT (for CAD/GDP), Treasury and Turkstat (public debt/GDP), CBRT, BRSA, Treasury and Turkstat (private debt/GDP) Notes: EU indicates EU27 countries (source: population and macro data based on Turkish Statistical Institute)

Based on Turkish Statistical Institute and IMF World Economic Outlook

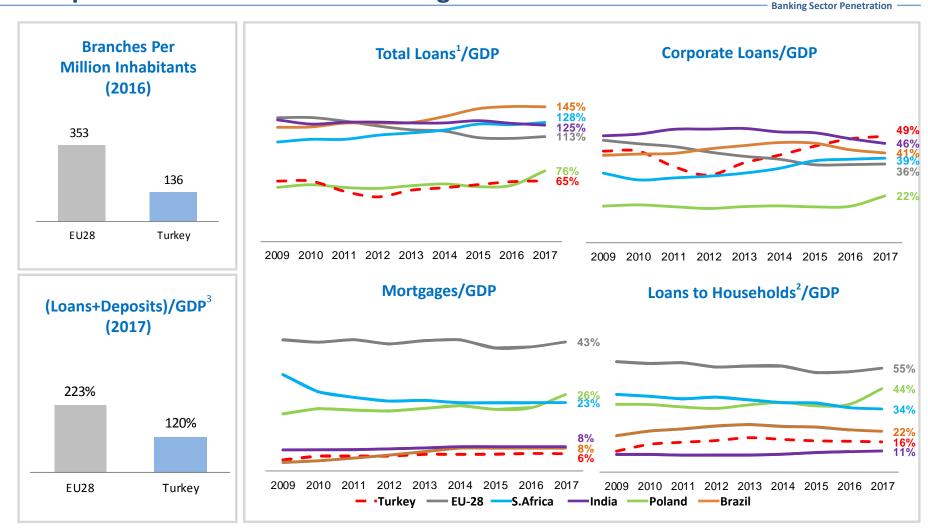
As of end-2016 1.

Macro

2. As of May 2018



Despite solid growth in recent years, Turkish banking sector still underpenetrated in household lending



Source: European Central Bank, BRSA, CBRT, Turkstat, FRED database for India, Brazil, S.Africa

Note: Loan data on graphs for all countries based on 2017 actual figures

(1) Excluding lending to credit institutions

(2) Including housing loans, consumer lending and other household lending (including CC, excluding SMEs)

(3) Turkey, Ireland and Switzerland GDP numbers are forecasted figures

Healthy banking sector, resilient against external shocks and supporting economic growth

Banking Sector

- Well regulated (BRSA est. in 2001)
- Best practices in technology: payment systems and well-qualified workforce
- Healthy profitability

Banking Sector

Developments

Challenges

- Sound asset quality, liquidity and capitalisation
- Regulatory developments:
 - CGF (supporting the loan growth)
 - fees (cut on account maintenance fees)
 - capital (potential alignment to IRB)
 - provisioning (IFRS9 as of 2018)
 - corporate tax rate increase (2018-20 to 22%)
- Interest rate and currency volatility
- Pricing competition and maturity of funding sources
- Asset quality

Source: Turkish Banks Association for bank and branch numbers, BRSA for banking sector data (including BS, P&L, KPIs), Turkstat for GDP data Notes:

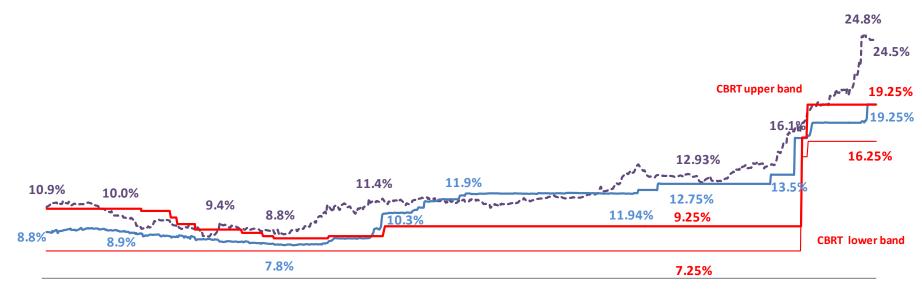
Minimum total CAR at 8% (threshold for opening branches minimum 12% CAR), T1 at 6%, core T1 at 4.5%

- (1) 1Q18 GDP assumed stable at 2017 level
- (2) Based on BRSA monthly financials; indicating deposit banks

			Bar	nking Sec	tor		
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	1H18
Banks #	45	49	51	52	52	51	52
Branches #	10,234	11,023	11,223	11,193	10,781	10,550	10,536
Loan Growth (ytd)	15%	33%	18%	21%	17%	14%	12%
Deposit Growth (ytd)	11%	24%	10%	19%	17%	11%	12%
Loans/GDP ¹	48%	55%	58%	61%	64%	68%	55%
Deposits/GDP ¹	49%	53%	51%	53%	56%	57%	46%
Loans/Assets	58%	61%	62%	64%	64%	65%	71%
Deposits/Assets	59%	58%	56%	56%	56%	55%	59%
NIM	4.1%	3.8%	3.6%	3.6%	3.7%	3.9%	4.0%
NPL Ratio	2.8%	2.6%	2.8%	2.9%	3.2%	2.9%	2.9%
Specific Coverage	75%	77%	75%	76%	78%	80%	73%
CAR ²	17.3%	14.6%	15.7%	15.0%	15.1%	16.5%	15.9%
Tier 1 Ratio	14.2%	12.2%	13.1%	12.5%	12.6%	13.6%	13.1%
ROAE	14.5%	12.5%	12.1%	10.8%	13.5%	15.0%	15.3%
ROAA	1.7%	1.4%	1.3%	1.1%	1.4%	1.5%	1.6%



CBRT rates



Dec-15 Feb-16 Apr-16 Jun-16 Aug-16 Oct-16 Dec-16 Feb-17 Apr-17 Jun-17 Aug-17 Oct-17 Dec-17 Feb-18 Apr-18 Jun-18 Aug-18

---- Benchmark Bond Rate

— CBRT Average CoF

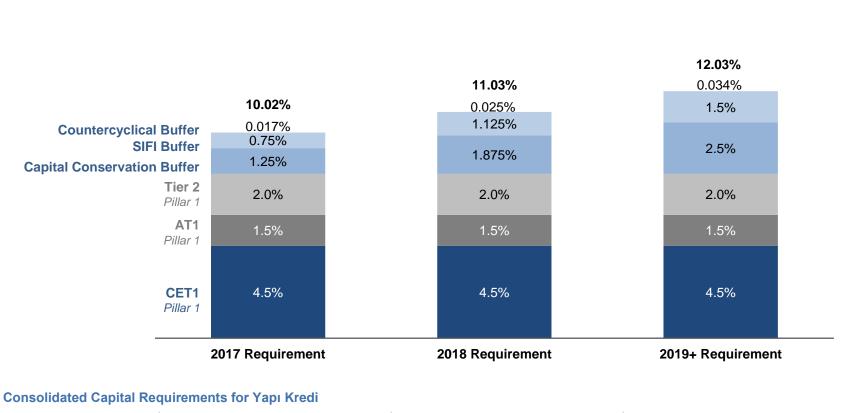
Solution YapıKredi ⁵⁰

Credit Ratings

	Long-Term For		Long-Term Lo	
	Rating	Outlook	Rating	Outlook
Yapı Kredi	B1	Negative	B1	Negative
Garanti	B1	Negative	B1	Negative
Akbank	B1	Negative	B1	Negative
lşbank	B2	Negative	B2	Negative
Halkbank	B2	Negative	B2	Negative
Vakıfbank	B1	Negative	B1	Negative
Yapı Kredi	B+	Stable	B+	Stable
Garanti	B+	Stable	B+	Stable
Akbank	Not rated	-	Not rated	-
Işbank	B+	Negative	B+	Negative
Vakıfbank	B+	Negative	B+	Negative
Yapı Kredi	BB-	Negative	BB	Negative
Garanti	BB-	Negative	BB	Negative
Akbank	B+	Negative	BB-	Negative
lşbank	B+	Negative	BB-	Negative
Halkbank	B+	Negative	BB	Negative
Vakıfbank	B+	Negative	BB	Negative

Consolidated regulatory capital requirements for Yapı Kredi

Phase-in of Consolidated Capital Requirements for Yapı Kredi



■CET1

■AT1 ■T2 ■CCB ■SIFI ■CCyB

CET 1 Ratio 6.5% 7.5% 8.5% Tier 1 Ratio 8.0% 9.0% 10.0% Capital Adequacy Ratio 12.0% 12.0% 12.0%

Notes:

Reflects current status of regulatory capital requirements which may be subject to change. Pillar 2 framework for Turkey already exists, however BRSA capital requirements currently do not include any Pillar 2 add-on. Countercyclical buffer can be updated based on regulatory decision and bank's exposures